

Bloomberg LP the target of many discrimination suits

9/28/2007 By Sara Kugler Associated Press Writer

The three women at the center of a lawsuit filed by the federal government against Bloomberg LP are not the first to accuse the financial information company founded by Mayor Michael Bloomberg discrimination. A separate suit was recently filed in Manhattan federal court by another woman who said she also experienced discrimination based on pregnancy and maternity leave, like the three women in the suit filed bv the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission on Thursday.

Monica Prestia, who began working for Bloomberg LP as a sales representative in 1997,

filed a suit in June claiming the company discriminated against her after she became pregnant in February of 2005. The company treated differently than similarly employed male workers subjected her to "harassment, hostile work environment and other forms of discrimination," the complaint said. The seeks unspecified damages and is pending in court.

On Thursday, the EEOC accused the New York-based company of similar discrimination, saying it engaged in a pattern of demoting women, diminishing their duties and excluding them from job opportunities after they

disclosed they were pregnant. Bloomberg LP spokeswoman Judith Czelusniak did not respond to a request for comment on the Prestia case; in court papers the denied company allegations. About the EEOC suit on Thursday. Czelusniak said: believe strongly that the allegations are without merit and we intend to defend the case vigorously."

The agency brought the suit on behalf of three senior employees who had filed complaints with the EEOC regarding Bloomberg LP, saying the activities occurred with malice or reckless indifference to federal

anti-discrimination laws. The EEOC is the federal agency charged with interpreting and enforcing laws passed to prevent discrimination in the workplace.

The women were expected to bring their own motion in court next week that further details their claims. They were identified by the EEOC as Tanys Lancaster, Jill Patricot and Janet Loures.

Lancaster was said to be earning close to \$300,000 (euro211,580) in a senior position in the company's Transaction **Products** Department when announced her pregnancy. "Almost immediately I began to suffer demotions, decreases in compensation as well as retaliation after I complained to Human Resources," she said in a statement. Lancaster is no longer employed with Bloomberg. Patricot and Loures are still working there.

Patricot, who worked as a manager in the Global Data Division, claims that after returning to her job following maternity leave, she was demoted to an entry level position because her schedule had changed due to child care demands. Loures was also a manager in the Global Data Division, and said her duties and staff were reduced starting with her

first maternity leave and continuing through second one. She is now employed in an entry-level clerical position, EEOC said. The EEOC said the women's claims of discrimination due gender and pregnancy "were echoed by a number of other female current and former employees who taken have maternity leave."

Richard Roth, an attorney for the woman in the separate suit filed in June, said in an interview Friday that the EEOC complaint "helps expose what's really going on behind the scenes at Bloomberg." It is a culture that Michael Bloomberg, who is a potential presidential candidate, was accused of fostering while he headed the company. Bloomberg stepped down as CEO to run for mayor in 2001 but retains a 68 percent stake the company. spokesman for Bloomberg declined to comment on the cases Friday.

Bloomberg While was a female CEO. sales executive accused him in a of lawsuit sexual harassment and other claims similar to these new allegations. The suit, filed by Sekiko Sakai Garrison in 1997, claimed that he and other male managers displayed a discriminatory attitude toward pregnant women and new mothers.

It said that when he found out Garrison was pregnant, he told her "Kill it!" and said "Great! Number 16!"

an apparent reference to the number of women in the company who were pregnant or had maternity-related status at the time.

It also claimed Bloomberg and other men at the company made "repeated and unwelcome" sexual comments, overtures and gestures, contributing to an offensive. locker-room environment. Bloomberg denied adamantly the accusations; the suit was settled in 2000. Terms were not disclosed. The billionaire businessman took office in 2002 and was re-elected in 2005. There have been no discrimination complaints filed against him through the city's Equal Employment Opportunity office, according to a recent request made by the AP under the Freedom of Information Act.

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